



## Expert Classes: Being an advocate under the Act







#### Welcome



#### **Introductions**

#### Housekeeping

**Expectations and ground rules** 

**Icebreaker** 

## Getting in on the Act

#### **Contents**

- Purpose of the day
- The legal context of advocacy
- Part 10 Code of Practice (advocacy)
- Participation and barriers to participating in establishing well-being outcomes
- Establishing well-being outcomes
- Advocacy and the rest of the Act
- IPA practice exchange

## Getting in on the Act EXPERT CLASS

#### Purpose of the day

- What is an expert class and why is it important for advocacy?
  - Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014
  - Care Council training plan
  - Learning hub http://www.ccwales.org.uk/gettingin-on-the-act-hub/
  - Other expert classes
  - Implications of the Act for Independent Professional Advocates



# The legal context of advocacy in Wales



## **Advocacy under the Act**

- The Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act was implemented on 6 April 2016. Part 10 of the Act is about advocacy, representation and complaints
- A statutory code of practice on the exercise of social services functions in relation to Advocacy under Part 10 has been issued







## Statutory advocacy for adults

Social
Services
and Wellbeing
(Wales)
Act (2014)

Mental Capacity Act (2005)

Mental Health Act (1983)

National Health Services (Wales) Act (2006)



# Getting in on the Act EXPERT CLASS

### More statutory advocacy

Statutory advocacy for children and young people

Social
Services
and Wellbeing
Wales Act
(2014)

Children Act (1989)

Children (leaving care) Act (2000)

Equality
Act
(2010)

# Getting in on the Act EXPERT CLASS

#### **Exercise**

- Share knowledge of the various statutory advocacy services and what their roles are with colleagues around each table.
- Discuss any issues that may arise while ensuring that people who have a right to an advocate get the right support at the right time under the SSWW Act.
- What tools would be helpful to provide a clear distinction of which advocate to engage under the SSWW Act?

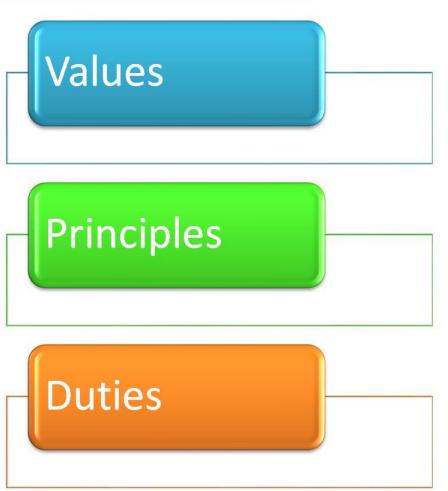


## Part 10 Code of Practice (Advocacy) Issued under the Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2014



## Advocacy and part 10

- Advocacy is central to the Act to focus social support around people and their well-being
- Advocacy enables people to be active partners
- Advocacy gives people a voice, choice and control
- People must be involved in expressing their views, wishes, feelings and options









1. Voice and Control



2. Prevention and early intervention



3. Well-being



4. Co-production



5. Multi agency



## Other related overarching duties

Ascertain and have regard to views, wishes and feelings

Have regard to the importance of promoting and respecting dignity

Have regard to the importance of providing appropriate support

#### Continued



Have regard to the characteristics, culture and beliefs of an individual

Begin with the presumption that the adult is best placed to judge their own well-being

Have regard to the importance of promoting the adults independence

## Overarching duties specific to children



Have regard to the importance of promoting the upbringing of the child by the child's family, in so far as doing so is consistent with promoting the well-being of the child

To ascertain and have regard to the views, wishes and feelings of the persons with parental responsibility for the child, in so far as doing so is consistent with promoting the well-being of the child and reasonably practicable

## When a local authority must consider the need for advocacy



Preventing, delaying or reducing need Information, advice and assistance

Assessment

Care and support planning

Review

Safeguarding







Informal / peer advocacy

from family, friends, neighbours, peer groups etc

## When to engage an Independent Professional Advocate



Is the individual experiencing one or more barriers to participation?



If yes, consider what support is needed and can the local authority provide it



If the person still experiences barriers, consider is there is an appropriate individual to support them?



Local authority MUST arrange an Independent Professional Advocate



No appropriate individual

## Circumstances requiring an advocate



Making decisions impacting significantly on day-to-day life

Impact of external factors of care and support

When suspected of being at risk of harm or neglect

When preparing to leave hospital and return to the community

## National Standards for Provision of Children's Advocacy (WAG 2003)



'Advocacy is about speaking up for children and young people. Advocacy is about empowering children and young people to make sure that their rights are respected and their views and wishes are heard at all times. Advocacy is about representing their views, wishes and needs of children and young people to decision makers, and helping them to navigate the system'.

Advocacy is about children's rights and safeguarding

## Advocacy in relation to children and young people



#### Advocacy for children and young people

- Is rights based and is led by the views and wishes of children and young people
- Champions the rights of children and young people
- Works exclusively for children and young people
- Works to empower children and young people
- Offers choice of an advocate
- Is child centred
- Operates to a high level of confidentiality

## What is Independent Professional Advocacy?



"[IPA] involves a one-to-one partnership between an [individual and an] independent professional advocate who is trained and paid to undertake their professional role as an advocate. This might be for a single issue or multiple issues. Independent professional advocates must ensure individuals' views are accurately conveyed irrespective of the view of the advocate or others as to what is in the best interests of the individuals."







**Understand the relevant processes** 



Communicate their views wishes and feelings



Understand how their needs can be met by the local authority



Make decisions about their care and support arrangements



**Understand their rights under the Act** 



Challenge a decision or process

## Independent Professional Advocacy



- Independent Professional Advocacy is not meant to replace other forms of advocacy
- It is important that professionals and carers keep speaking up for people's rights and care
- An Independent Professional Advocate has a specific role and function
- With no other role in a persons' life, an Independent Professional Advocate is focused solely on maximising an individuals' voice, involvement, control of their own life, and rights.

#### **Exercise**











# Participation and barriers to participating in establishing well-being outcomes



### Well-being

- A person exercising functions under this Act must seek to promote the well-being of people who need care and support, and carers who need support
- Well-being includes securing rights and entitlements







**Understand** Retain relevant information information Communicate Use or weigh views, wishes information or feelings



# Establishing well-being outcomes



### Well-being principles and duties

Well-being – I know and understand what care, support and opportunities are available to me, and I get the help I need, when I need it, in the way I want it

**Securing rights and entitlements** – My rights are respected, I have voice and control, I am involved in making decisions that affect my life, my individual circumstances are considered, I can speak for myself or have someone who can do it for me, and I get care through the Welsh language if I need it.

## Getting in on the Act EXPERT CLASS

## Well-being and the Act

- Well-being, in relation to a person, means well-being in relation to any of the following:
  - a. physical and mental health, and emotional well-being
  - b. protection from abuse and neglect
  - c. education, training and recreation
  - d. domestic, family and personal relationships
  - e. contributions made to society
  - f. securing rights and entitlements
  - g. social and economic well-being
  - h. suitability of living accommodation



## Well-being and advocacy

- I know and understand what care, support and opportunities are available and use these to help me achieve my well-being
- I can access the right information, when I need it, in the way I want it and use this to manage and improve my well-being
- ✓ I am treated with dignity and respect and treat others the same
- My voice is heard and listened to
- My individual circumstances are considered
- I speak for myself and contribute to the decisions that affect my life, or have someone who can do it for me

**Empowering** Supporting Speaking up **Enabling** Safeguarding

#### **Exercise**



In small groups complete the exercise, then feed back to the main group.

What do you see are the main challenges to developing personal well-being outcomes for individuals?

How can an Independent Professional Advocate assist in developing personal outcomes for an individual?

## Challenges to achieving personal well-being outcomes



Juggling competing demands

Personal outcomes vs mandatory criteria for services

More outcome-focused planning and commissioning needed

Individual unable or unwilling to participate

Changing from service-led to outcome-led focus

Time limitations on services

Understanding and implementing different types of outcomes



## Benefits of advocacy

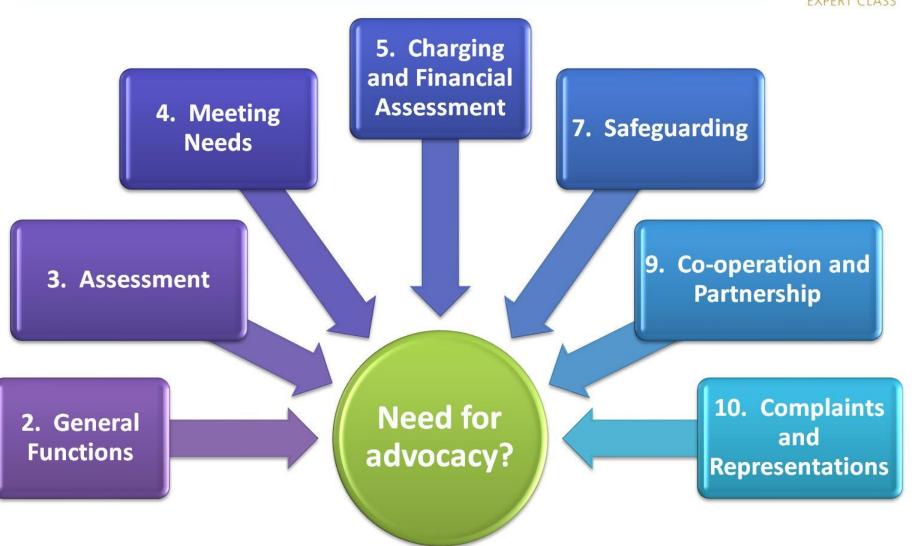
Support the individual in being the expert in their own life Ability to respond to the barriers of participation Independent with no conflict of interest Time and support to explore options to achieve personal well-being outcomes Support to explore options in decision making Support to be heard **Empowerment to express their own needs** Support to fully engage and participate



# Other parts of the Act where advocacy is applicable



### Functions relevant to advocacy



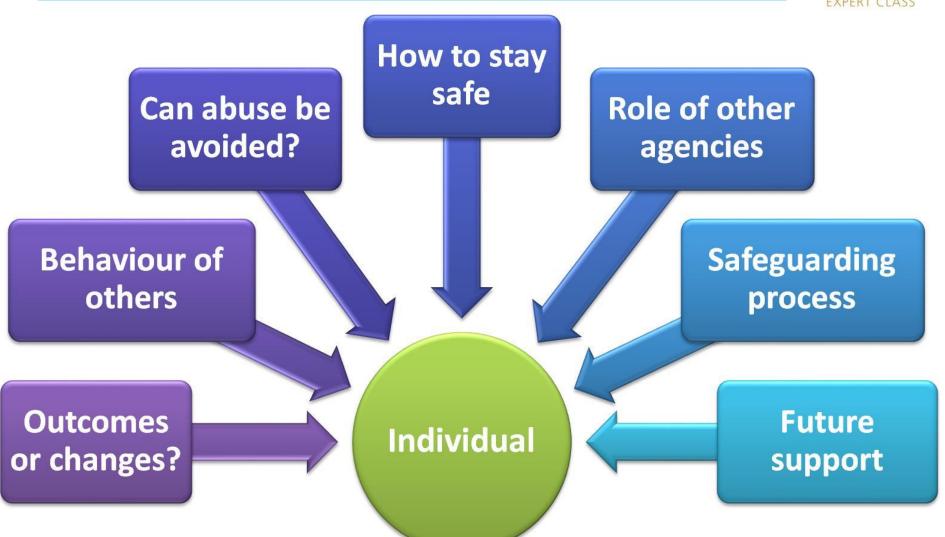


## Advocacy and safeguarding

Protection from abuse and neglect:
I am safe and protected from abuse and neglect
I am supported to protect the people that matter
to me from abuse and neglect
I am informed about how to make my concerns
known

## Safeguarding, advocacy and the individual











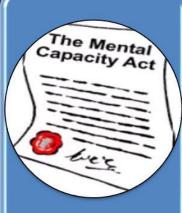
Safeguarding enquiry for adults



Safeguarding enquiry for children



Adult Protection and Support Order



Consider if using Mental Capacity Act is more appropriate



Entitlement to advocacy for children to make representation

#### **Exercise**







# Independent Professional Advocacy practice exchange

## Learning exchange – some things to consider ....



- What, if any, referrals/cases have you been receiving as a result of the Act?
- What has your experience been like in advocating for people when working with health and social services?
   What does good look like?
- Have you been involved in delivering advocacy to support people in a range of functions of the Act or only specific ones?
- Is there any learning so far that could be disseminated?
- What more information or learning do you require to help you to advocate under the Act?
- What good practice in advocating under the Act is there?



# Evaluation and roundup

#### **Evaluation**



- Please complete evaluation forms before you leave. We need to know what went well and what can be improved on and we value your feedback
- What 2 things have you learnt today that you didn't know before?
- What 2 actions will you take back from this expert class that will help you in your day to day practice?
- Write your responses to the questions above on post it notes and place on flip chart paper